








Key insights of the report

-  Akamai researchers observed that the number of DDoS attack events in EMEA has been continuously rising, with higher peaks, since the beginning of 2019.
-  More than one-third of all DDoS attack events globally are in the EMEA region.
-  The complexity and severity of DDoS attacks in the EMEA region have been transformed by geopolitical motives, such as hacktivism, with the potential for life-threatening consequences.
-  Of all the DDoS attack types, the DNS DDoS are among the most prevalent, according to Akamai research. Specifically, we observed the NXDOMAIN (nonexistent domain) vector, also known as the Pseudo-Random Subdomain vector, flooding DNS nameservers with requests for nonexistent domains.
-  More than one-third of DDoS events used multiple attack vectors – as many as 12 – to increase success.
-  In EMEA, the vertical with the highest number of Layer 3 and Layer 4 attacks is financial services; for Layer 7 attacks, it's commerce.
-  EMEA governments and nations have been rethinking the power of infosecurity by enacting new legislative measures, such as [NIS2](#) and [DORA](#), to help positively influence IT and cybersecurity strategies, including better resilience and protection against DDoS.